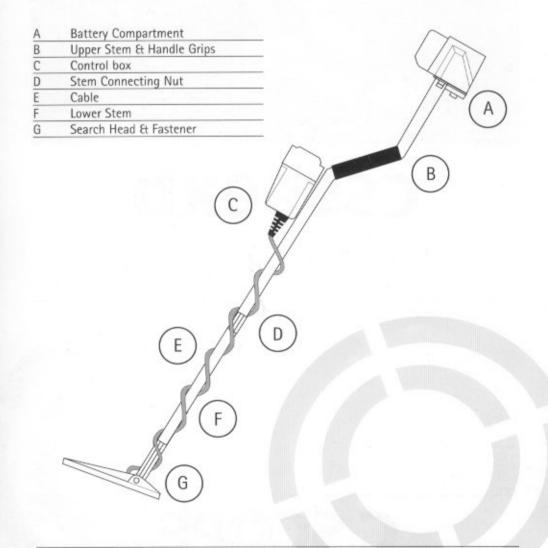


CS990XD Operating Instructions



CS990XD Operating Instructions



INTRODUCTION

To protect your investment complete both sections of the enclosed guarantee card and return to C-Scope. This is particularly important in order to obtain the four years parts guarantee. Please retain the original packing box. In the event that your detector should ever require to be serviced, this package will be most suitable for postal protection.

C-Scope detectors are recognised as the finest detectors available. They are designed with lasting quality, high technology, and above all, value for money. The only way to realise this value is to carefully study and understand this instruction manual. You will then be able to obtain all the advantages designed into your detector. It is also strongly recommended that you experiment with the detector's operation in air using various test samples, in order to learn to identify and understand the detector's capabilities and responses. Always remember that becoming a good metal detectorist is like becoming a good photographer or fisherman, that is, although it is an advantage to buy the best equipment, having bought it, patience and hours of practice are needed to become proficient.

ASSEMBLY

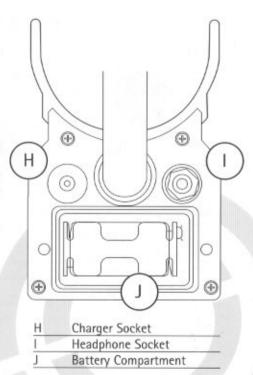
Insert the lower stem into the upper stem. Tuck the cable into the cable slots in the lower stem to prevent it trailing over the search head. Rotate the lower stem to wrap the cable around the stems and take up any slack and twist the stem lock to hold the lower stem in position.

BATTERIES

The CS99OXD is powered by eight AA batteries (not supplied). It is advisable to use standard alkaline batteries to start with. You can then evaluate the sort of use you give the detector and decide whether the investment in rechargeables is justified.

The batteries should be fitted in the holder which is located in the battery compartment. To fit new batteries first check the power switch on the unit is switched to off. Then loosen the two captive screws located in the battery cover (do not fully remove these from the cover) and remove the cover. Inside is the battery holder. Lift out the holder and detach the plug on connector. Load the holder with the eight batteries ensuring that each battery is inserted the correct way round, (direction of batteries alternating as shown on the holder). Roll each individual battery to ensure it is located correctly and making proper contact. Replace the connector making sure that it is well seated, and put the loaded holder into the housing. Fit the cover and tighten the two captive screws finger tight.

Note: Zinc Carbon batteries should not be left in the detector for long periods where they could leak, so remember to remove them at the end of a day's searching.

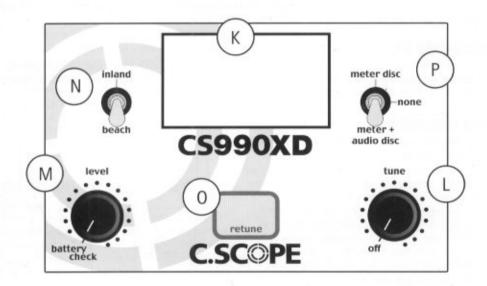


HOW IT WORKS

Inside the 990XD are two separate detectors operating simultaneously. An 'inland' detector which is factory set to ignore mineralised inland ground and gives a positive response to all metals, and a 'beach/disc' detector operating at the (adjustable) wet salt sand exclude level, which gives a negative response to iron. By using the switches on the front of 990XD to combine the signals from the above two detectors, it is possible for the operator to detect all targets whilst eliminating the effects of the ground, and at the same time distinguishing between the good and reject targets.

Detection is indicated by the loudspeaker sounding off (the loud speaker is located in the rear of the battery compartment), and by the meter (on the facia panel) needle moving.

THE CONTROLS AND WHAT THEY DO



K	Signal meter		
L	ON/OFF switch & Tune control		
M	Level control & Battery check		
N	Ground exclusion switch		
0	Retune push button		
Р	Disc mode switch	A ST	

ON/OFF SWITCH AND TUNE CONTROL

This control is a combined on/off switch and rotary tune control. Fully anticlockwise to the clicked position is power 'off'.

To turn the detector 'on' rotate the control clockwise from its indented 'off' position. To 'tune' the detector adjust the control to give the preferred level of audio (from the internal loud speaker or headphones). For best performance the audio should be adjusted to threshold, when the sound is just beginning to break through, since this is when the ear is most sensitive to small changes, and it is important to maintain this threshold when searching to achieve maximum depth.

The meter gives a visual indication of the audio level (unless batterycheck or meter disc is selected) and will read midscale when tuned at threshold.

The tune control is used in conjunction with the retune button, which should be depressed when making adjustments to the controls.

RETUNE PUSH BUTTON

Should the audio level change during searching other than that resulting from a target, such as from drift occurring from warming up (see paragraph 'search head), press (and release) the 'retune' button to recover the threshold sound as set on the tune control. The 'retune' button should also be held down when making adjustments to any of the detector's controls.

GROUND EXCLUSION SWITCH and DISC MODE SWITCH

Firstly what is ground exclusion?

On some sites mineralisation caused by iron deposits and iron oxides makes it difficult to operate a detector successfully. The effect of these minerals is termed ground effect. In practice, if the detector is not correctly adjusted, the signal alters if the search head is not swept at a constant height above the ground. However by operating the detector at the correct 'exclude' point this ground signal can be eliminated. The elimination of this signal is known as ground effect exclusion or simply ground exclusion. When operated at the inland ground exclude point all metals give a positive response so this is sometimes called all metal mode.

What is discrimination (disc)?

Like mineralised ground, metals and wet salt sand too, have a characteristic exclude point. By operating the detector at the beach exclude point, iron and small ferrous items produce a negative response, but valuable targets still produce a positive signal. By operating at a higher exclude point still, small pieces of silver (aluminium) paper will also produce a negative (reject) signal.

LEVEL control

The discrimination level of the 'beach/disc' detector in the 990XD is centred at about that of wet salt sand but can be varied from iron reject through to aluminium foil reject by adjusting the 'level' control. (The 'level' control also adjusts the exclude point of 'meter disc' and 'meter and audio disc').

INLAND and DISC MODE SWITCH

With 'inland' selected the 990XD operates at a fixed level of ground exclusion. This inland ground exclude point is factory set on the 990XD. All metal targets will produce an increase in audio volume in this mode regardless of the 'level' control setting. The 'beach/disc' detector remains operating and can be selected to drive the meter or control the audio pitch by selection on the 'disc mode switch'. The level of discrimination of the beach/disc detector can be adjusted by the 'level' control.

The 'inland' mode is used on mineralised inland sites and can be used in conjunction with any one of the disc modes described below.

By selecting 'meter disc' mode the meter needle moves to the right for good targets and to the left for reject targets.

By selecting 'meter + audio disc' mode the meter moves to the right for good targets and to the left for reject targets, and the audio pitch increases for good targets and decreases for reject targets.

By selecting 'none' the meter needle moves to the right for all targets and the pitch remains constant.

BEACH and DISC MODE SWITCH and LEVEL control

Due to the varying nature of beach soils (the salinity and wetness) the 990XD is equipped with an adjustable level of ground exclude in 'beach' mode. It is the mode best suited to beach detecting where fine adjustment of the 'level' control is required to exclude wet sand.

By selecting 'meter disc' mode the meter needle moves to the right for good targets and to the left for reject targets.

By selecting 'none' the meter needle moves to the right for good targets and to the left for reject targets (same as meter disc since it is in beach mode).

Selecting 'meter + audio disc' gives a pitch increase to good targets, reject targets are ignored. The inland detector plays no part when 'beach' mode is selected and is switched off.

Only use this beach mode on the beach or at inland sites where there is no mineralisation and where you do not wish the detector to sound off over iron.

It should be apparent from the above that the 'level' control acts primarily as ground exclude control in 'beach' mode, and secondly varies the discrim point when operating in 'meter disc' or 'meter and audio disc' mode.

BATTERY CHECK

A battery condition indicator is provided on the detector. To do this for the first time prior to reading the remainder of the operating instructions proceed as follows:—Turn the power on/off, tune control on. Turn the Level control fully anti-clockwise to the battery check position. The meter will indicate in the green battery symbol area if the batteries are good. Rechargeable batteries will not read as high into the green as standard batteries even when fully charged. They also give less indication of discharge on the meter during use. Remember to switch out of 'batt check' when you have checked the batteries.

GENERAL HINTS

Detection Range

Your CS990XD is a top performance detector but adverse soil conditions can significantly reduce the depth of detection.

Detection ranges will vary depending on the size of the object, the length of time an object has been buried, and the type of ground the object is buried in.

The best ground conditions are well compacted soils and coins can be found at the greatest depth if the object has been buried for some time and the coin has interacted with the salts in the ground, thereby appearing larger to the detector. Worst conditions for detecting are on loosely compacted or freshly dug ground or when the object has only recently been buried. In these conditions detection range will be reduced, 90% of all artefacts are found within 15cm of the surface.

Anomalies

Iron, unlike a coin, occurs in a multitude of shapes and sizes and as a result it is possible that large pieces of iron may give a positive reading. Confusing signals can occur in the first few cm below the search head, and are typically characterised by a double signal from the same object, usually iron, which often ranges from a strong positive to a strong negative signal. To overcome these problems simply raise the search head, retuning if necessary, and rescan until a clear signal of rejection or acceptance is obtained.

Headphones

Use stereo headphones or mono but not stereo switched to mono. Use of head phones is recommended as it eliminates extraneous noises and will extend the battery life. Insertion of headphones automatically mutes the loud speaker. The 6.35mm (quarter inch) head phone socket is located on the front of the battery compartment.

OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES from C-SCOPE

Headphones:

Enclosed stereo headphones with coiled lead.

Rechargeable battery pack:

A shrink wrapped pack of 8 rechargeable Nickel Cadmium batteries to replace the standard batteries and holder.

Battery charger:

The C-Scope battery charger is designed to charge the rechargeable pack quickly and safely.

Search head cover:

This provides protection to the underside of the search head when detecting in muddy or stony conditions.

CHARGING BATTERIES

A battery charge socket is provided for use with the C-Scope battery charger (see Accessories) and is located on the front of the battery compartment (The smaller of the two sockets). Inserting the charger will automatically remove the power from the detector so the charger must be removed to do a battery check. Do not attempt to recharge standard batteries, It will take between eight and fifteen hours to fully recharge flat batteries with the C-Scope charging unit.

For further information, and a price list, for all C-Scope accessories Please telephone (01233) 629181, or contact your local dealer.

THE IMPORTANCE OF THE RIGHT APPROACH

Treasure hunting can be a profitable and rewarding hobby, if approached in a patient and diligent manner. Time spent researching to locate a worthwhile site for a search can be time wasted if your search is hasty and erratic. To achieve maximum results it is important then, to decide on your approach to any particular site in advance of the actual search.

Tactics will be decided by the type of site – it is more profitable to scan a small area thoroughly than to conduct a haphazard search of the total site. However, when the site is too far away for you to make several return visits, a plan should be adopted which gives maximum coverage, at the same time as indicating the most likely area for detailed search.

Your detector alone is not a guarantee of successful treasure hunting. Any detector needs an operator and for the best results the operator needs the right approach, attitude and technique. Too many beginners neglect the importance of pre-planning and research before using their detector in the field, and patience and technique during the actual search.

A successful search should begin with research some time before the day of the actual search. The extent and thoroughness of your research will be one of the major factors in the success of your detecting. You should aim to get as complete an understanding as possible of the local history and geography.

The key to the choice of site is to think of people, Where they congregated over the past few hundred years? What were their customs and pursuits? Where did they spend money? Where did they carry money? The answers are not Roman sites, nor are they associated with mystical treasure stories of crocks of gold. Rather, they are unassuming, undramatic places, like public footpaths and ancient rights of way, old houses and so on.

When you have chosen your site, allocate a whole day from early morning to early evening for the search. Make sure you have all the equipment you are likely to need. Your detector should be checked before starting out, and you should always carry a spare set of batteries. You will also need a strong, sharp trowel. It is also a good idea to have a set of lines and pins so that you can lay out your search area scientifically.

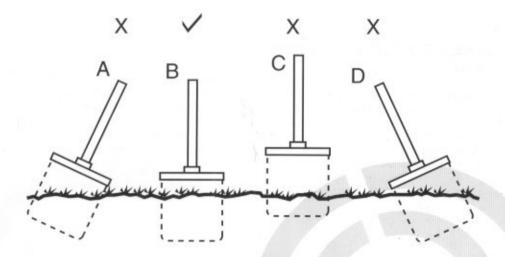
Most beginners make the mistake of rushing about hoping to chance upon a rare find. If for example there happened to be a valuable ring that was buried 10cm deep on the site you were searching, if you rushed about haphazardly and quickly on the site, the odds would be very much against you finding it. On the other hand, if you pegged out the area scientifically and searched slowly and thoroughly, the odds of finding the ring would be very much more in your favour.

Remember, BE PATIENT and WORK SLOWLY. Do not try to cover too large an area, restrict yourself to a small area and work through it thoroughly. Make a note of the position and the extent of the area, and then when you return you can start again further on without missing any ground or covering the same area twice.

It is also important to keep the detector head as close to the ground as possible. Ideally, you should 'iron' the ground with the search head of the detector, so that you do not lose any detection range. Similarly, if you work slowly and carefully you should be able to distinguish the faint signals as well as the clear-cut signals and further increase your finds.

The technique of getting the best out of your detector is not learnt overnight. You need to get as much experience as possible so that you can recognise every kind of signal. Indeed, a good detector operator can often tell you what is being detected before it is unearthed.

Search Head Position



It is essential that the search head is kept close and parallel to the ground as in B. Do not hold the search head too high above the ground, or at an odd angle as in A, C, D as you may miss out on finds.

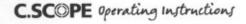
CODE OF CONDUCT

- 1. Do not trespass. Ask permission before venturing on to any private land.
- Respect the Country Code. Do not leave gates open when crossing fields, and do not damage crops or frighten animals.
- 3. Do not leave a mess. It is simple to extract a coin or other small objects buried a few inches under the ground without digging a great hole. Use a sharpened trowel or knife to cut a neat circle or triangle (do not remove the plug of earth entirely from the ground); extract the object; replace the soil and grass carefully and even you will have difficulty in finding the spot again.
- 4. Help to keep Britain tidy and help yourself. Bottle tops, silver paper and tin cans are the last thing you should throw away. You could well be digging them up again next year. Do yourself and the community a favour by taking the rusty iron and junk you find to the nearest litter bin.
- If you discover any live ammunition or any lethal objects such as an unexploded bomb or mine, do not touch it. Mark the site carefully and report the find to the local police.
- 6. Report all unusual historical finds to the landowner.
- Familiarise yourself with the law relating to archeological sites. Remember it is illegal for anyone to
 use a metal detector on a scheduled ancient monument unless permission has been obtained from the
 Historic Buildings and Ancient Monument Commission for England or the Secretary of State for the
 Environment in Scotland and Wales.
- Remember that when you are out with your metal detector, you are an ambassador for our hobby. Do nothing that may give it a bad name.
- The law relating to treasure finds must be followed. Details of the law can be obtained from the
 Department of Culture, Media & Sport (Tel. 020 7211 6200) who produce excellent literature to help
 you to understand how the law affects you and your hobby.

CARE OF YOUR DETECTOR

Storage

When not in use your detector should be stored in a dry warm environment. If it is not to be used for a certain length of time it is advisable to remove the batteries to avoid leakage which could cause serious damage. The working life of your detector will be shortened by careless use or neglect of the unit. Think of your detector as a scientific instrument. Your detector is designed to withstand rugged handling on any terrain, but misuse or lack of due attention will tell in the end. After using your detector in a hostile environment (salt water, sand, etc.) the exterior parts should be rinsed with clean fresh water, paying particular attention to the head and stems, then carefully wipe dry.



TROUBLESHOOTING

Problem Meter needle does not move as you adjust the 'tune' control.

Possible cause The detector is in 'meter disc' or 'meter and audio disc'

Solution Switch mode switch to 'none'.

Problem Meter needle appears to be stuck.

Possible cause The 'level' control switched has been left in 'batt check' position?

Solution Switch out of 'batt check'.

Problem New batteries fitted but unit will not switch on.

Possible cause Batteries are not making contact in the battery holder.

Solution Remove the battery holder and roll the individual batteries in the holder.

Problem New batteries fitted but battery check reading indicates low.

Possible cause One battery inserted incorrectly.

Solution Remove the battery holder and reverse incorrect battery.

Problem Detector is switched 'on' but appears not to be working.

Possible cause Headphone adaptor left in headphone socket,

Solution Remove the adaptor.

Problem Detector does not work on headphones.

Possible cause Stereo/mono headphone switched to mono.

Solution Switch headphones to stereo.

Further Information

If you experience any difficulty in operating your CS990XD, or have any questions on the information in your CS990XD Operating Instructions Manual, please do not hesitate to phone our Customer Service Department on (01233) 629181.

Before returning a detector for repair to C-Scope ensure you have done the following:

a. Read the instructions thoroughly.

b. Tried new batteries and checked procedure outlined above.

Return your detector with a letter giving full details of fault.

This equipment conforms to the EMC Directive 89/336/EEC.

However, system performance may be impaired by unusually strong electromagnetic fields.

CS990XD Operating Instructions

Kingsnorth Technology Park, Wotton Road, Ashford, Kent TN23 6LN Telephone: (01233) 629181 Fax: (01233) 645897